

Begin November 26 1959

30.24-9327

A20
AMS BUDGET (550)

NIGHT LEAD BANG-JENSEN

BY HAL MCCLURE

NEW YORK, NOV. 26 (AP)—POVL BANG-JENSEN, FORMER UNITED NATIONS OFFICIAL WHO HAD BEEN MISSING FOR THREE DAYS, WAS FOUND DEAD OF A GUNSHOT WOUND IN A WOODED PARK TODAY. HE APPARENTLY KILLED HIMSELF, POLICE SAID.

HE REPORTEDLY HAD BEEN DESPONDENT OVER HIS FIRING AS A SENIOR POLITICAL OFFICER AT THE U.N.

BANG-JENSEN, 50, A DANISH NATIONAL, WAS LAST SEEN MONDAY MORNING WHEN HE KISSED HIS AMERICAN WIFE GOODBYE AND LEFT FOR HIS TEMPORARY JOB AT THE MANHATTAN HEADQUARTERS OF CARE (CAPS), THE INTERNATIONAL RELIEF ORGANIZATION.

HIS BODY WAS DISCOVERED IN QUEENS BOROUGH'S HUGE ALLEY POND PARK, ABOUT A MILE FROM HIS HOME AT LAKE SUCCESS, LONG ISLAND. A .25 CALIBER AUTOMATIC WAS IN HIS RIGHT HAND, A BULLET WOUND IN THE RIGHT SIDE OF HIS HEAD. THE BODY LAY AT THE SIDE OF A BRIDLE PATH SELDOM USED AT THIS TIME OF THE YEAR.

A NOTE ADDRESSED TO HIS WIFE, HELEN, BEGGED ^{her} HIS FORGIVENESS AND SAID HE HAD BEEN DESPONDENT OVER HIS U.N. DIFFICULTIES, POLICE SAID. IT ALSO GAVE FUNERAL DIRECTIONS.

THE BODY HAD BEEN IN THE WOODS MORE THAN 24 HOURS, ACCORDING TO AUTHORITIES. IT WAS DISCOVERED BY A MAN WALKING HIS DOG. A LARGE NUMBER OF POLICE QUICKLY RACED TO THE AREA, INCLUDING TOP BRASS.

BANG-JENSEN DREW INTERNATIONAL ATTENTION TWO YEARS AGO WHEN HE REFUSED TO SURRENDER 81 NAMES OF HUNGARIAN REFUGEES WHO HAD GIVEN SECRET TESTIMONY IN AN INQUIRY FOR THE U.N. COMMITTEE ON HUNGARY, WHICH WAS INVESTIGATING THE 1956 HUNGARIAN REVOLT.

AS A \$17,000-A-YEAR DEPUTY SECRETARY OF THE COMMITTEE, BANG-JENSEN SAID HE HAD PROMISED TO KEEP THE NAMES SECRET TO PROTECT THEM AND THEIR FAMILIES FROM POSSIBLE COMMUNIST REPRISAL. HE ALSO SAID HE WAS NOT SATISFIED WITH SECURITY PROCEDURES INSIDE THE U.N. BECAME THE CENTER OF A WIDESPREAD CONTROVERSY OVER THE NAME LIST.

THE SEALED LIST OF NAMES LATER WAS BURNED ON THE U.N. ROOF IN THE PRESENCE OF OFFICIAL WITNESSES.

SUBSEQUENTLY, BANG-JENSEN WAS ACCUSED OF INSUBORDINATION AND WITH SHOWING IMPROPER BEHAVIOR TOWARD OFFICIALS OF THE COMMITTEE. HE WAS FIRST SUSPENDED FROM HIS JOB THEN DISCHARGED IN JULY 1958 BY U.N. SECRETARY GENERAL DAG HAMMARSKJOLD.

THE U.N. SAID TODAY THAT HAMMARSKJOLD HAD SENT A PRIVATE TELEGRAM OF CONDOLENCE TO MRS. BANG-JENSEN ON THE DEATH OF HER HUSBAND.

MRS. BANG-JENSEN WENT INTO SECLUSION WHEN SHE LEARNED OF HER HUSBAND'S DEATH. SHE REFUSED TO VISIT THE QUEENS MORGUE TO IDENTIFY THE BODY, REQUESTING THE FAMILY ATTORNEY TO DO SO.

SHE SAID HER HUSBAND HAD SEEMED IN GOOD SPIRITS WHEN HE LEFT HOME MONDAY. SHE ADMITTED HE HAD BEEN UNHAPPY OVER HIS U.N. DISMISSAL BUT HAD SHOWED NO SUCH SIGNS LATELY.

WHEN HE FIRST WAS REPORTED MISSING SOME OF HIS FRIENDS FEARED HE MIGHT HAVE BEEN KIDNAPED OR KILLED BY COMMUNIST AGENTS. BY SOME ACCOUNTS HE RECENTLY HAD RECEIVED INFORMATION OF A STARTLING NATURE BEARING ON THE U.N. INVESTIGATION.

HE WAS DESCRIBED AS A QUIET, FRIENDLY MAN WHO WAS SOMEWHAT

HIGH STRUNG AND NERVOUS. POLICE SAID HE RECENTLY HAD BEEN UNDER THE CARE OF A PSYCHIATRIST.

ERNEST CHRISTIANSEN, HEAD OF THE DANISH DELEGATION TO THE U.N., DESCRIBED HIM AS A "HIGHLY GIFTED, VERY ENERGETIC AND VERY IDEALISTIC MAN." HE ADDED:

"WHATEVER PEOPLE IN VARIOUS QUARTERS MAY FEEL ABOUT THE BANG-JENSEN AFFAIR, I BELIEVE ALL WILL AGREE THAT HIS MOTIVES WERE OF THE VERY HIGHEST."

OTHER U.N. OFFICIALS HAD NO IMMEDIATE COMMENT.

BANG-JENSEN WAS BORN IN COPENHAGEN ON APRIL 6, 1909, AND ATTENDED THE UNIVERSITY OF COPENHAGEN BEFORE PRACTICING LAW IN COPENHAGEN FROM 1934 UNTIL 1938.

HE JOINED THE U.N. IN 1949 AFTER SERVING FOR 10 YEARS AS A COUNSELOR AND CHIEF ASSISTANT IN THE DANISH EMBASSY IN WASHINGTON, WHERE HE WAS WITH THE DANISH GOVERNMENT-IN-EXILE DURING THE WAR.

THE BANG-JENSENS HAD BEEN MARRIED 17 YEARS AND HAD FIVE CHILDREN RANGING FROM 4 TO 16 YEARS OF AGE. MRS. BANG-JENSEN IS AN AMERICAN AND HER HUSBAND HAD TAKEN THE FIRST STEP TO BECOME AN AMERICAN CITIZEN.

HE WAS ENGAGED BY CARE LAST APRIL FOR A SIX-MONTH JOB EVALUATING THE RESULTS OF CERTAIN ASPECTS OF ITS OVERSEAS WORK. CARE OFFICIALS SAID HE HAD BEEN REHIRED FOR ANOTHER SIX MONTHS AND THERE HAD BEEN A POSSIBILITY OF ADDITIONAL JOB EXTENSIONS WITH THE ORGANIZATION.

UK321PES

A54

NIGHT LEAD INDIAN (270)

NEW DELHI, NOV. 26 (AP)—V. K. KRISHNA MENON TODAY REJECTED OPPOSITION DEMANDS THAT HE RESIGN AS INDIA'S DEFENSE MINISTER. PRIME MINISTER NEHRU BACKED HIM UP.

THE EXCHANGE CAME ON THE SECOND DAY OF DEBATE IN THE LOWER HOUSE OF PARLIAMENT ON THE INDIA-CHINA BORDER DISPUTE.

MENON HAS COME UNDER SHARP CRITICISM SINCE RED CHINA'S TROOPS MOVED INTO SEVERAL DISPUTED AREAS IN AUGUST. HE HAS BEEN ACCUSED IN PARLIAMENT OF A CLOSE FRIENDSHIP WITH COMMUNISTS AND WITH TREATING THE BORDER TROUBLE TOO LIGHTLY.

J. B. KRIPALANI, LEADER OF THE PRAJA (PEOPLES) SOCIALIST PARTY, DECLARED TODAY HE FELT MENON LACKED THE NATION'S CONFIDENCE.

NEHRU INTERVENED AT THAT POINT, SAYING THE GOVERNMENT IS IN OFFICE BECAUSE IT HAS THE NATION'S CONFIDENCE AND THAT IT IS NOT UP TO THE OPPOSITION TO APPOINT MINISTERS.

AN OPPOSITION DEPUTY CALLED OUT THAT THE GOVERNMENT'S OPPONENTS DO NOT WANT TO APPOINT A MINISTER BUT ONLY WANT TO CONVINCE NEHRU HE SHOULD REMOVE ONE.

MENON TOLD THE LAWMAKERS ALL NECESSARY TROOP MOVEMENTS CONSISTENT WITH INDIA'S RESOURCES HAVE BEEN MADE TO DEFEND THE COUNTRY'S BORDER WITH RED CHINA.

"THERE IS NO QUESTION OF OUR RUNNING AWAY FROM ANY DEFENSE REQUIRED," HE SAID.

INCREASING MILITARY STRENGTH IN THE FRONTIER AREAS IS A PROGRESSIVE THING, HE ADDED, WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE INDIAN ARMY.

"SO FAR AS I CAN JUDGE AT PRESENT," MENON SAID, "IT IS POSSIBLE FOR

US WITHIN OUR LIMITED RESOURCES TO TAKE ON THIS LIMITED TASK."
HE REITERATED THE PRIME MINISTER'S POLICY ON FOREIGN MILITARY AID.
HE SAID INDIA BUYS WEAPONS FROM THE EAST OR WEST, BUT "WHAT WE WILL
NOT DO IS TO SEEK AID" THAT WOULD INCLUDE MILITARY ALLIANCES OR
RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF WEAPONS.

MENON DENIED INTERPRETATIONS HE SAID HAVE BEEN PLACED ON SOME OF
HIS RECENT SPEECHES AND SAID HE WOULD LEAVE BROADER POLICY MATTERS
TO NEHRU. THE PRIME MINISTER IS TO CLOSE THE DEBATE TOMORROW.

THE ONLY WHOLEHEARTED OPPOSITION SUPPORTER OF NEHRU AND MENON
TODAY WAS THE DEP'TY LEADER OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY, HIREN
MUKHERJI.

HE ACCUSED MEMBERS OF A PETTY-MINDED MANHUNT AGAINST
MENON AND PRAISED NEHRU'S LATEST LETTER TO PEIPING AS A "MOST
REASONABLE AND HONORABLE APPROACH."

RJ616PES

A112

WITH NEW DELHI
MADRAS, INDIA, NOV. 26 (AP)--STUDENTS RAIDED THE OFFICE OF THE
COMMUNIST PARTY IN MYSORE IN MID-SOUTHERN INDIA TODAY AND
PULLED DOWN PARTY FLAGS AND SIGNS, REPORTS PUBLISHED HERE SAID.
THE ACCOUNTS SAID THEY WERE AMONG 5,000 WHO STAYED AWAY FROM
CLASSES AND PARADED IN PROTEST AGAINST WHAT THEY CALLED CHINESE
INCURSIONS.

AT A MEETING THEY DEMANDED THAT RED CHINESE TROOPS PULL OUT OF
DISPUTED BORDER AREAS CLAIMED BY INDIA.

TB237PES

A175WX (ADV)

(630) ADVANCE FOR AMS OF FRIDAY NOV. 27--EDS: NOTE DATE
BERLIN

BY ENDRE MARTON

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, NOV. 26 (AP)--THE BERLIN CRISIS IS A YEAR
OLD TOMORROW, AND NOT QUITE AS OMINOUS NOW AS IT WAS IN ITS EARLY
DAYS.

IT WAS ON NOV. 27, 1958, THAT THE RUSSIANS TOLD THE UNITED STATES
AND HER FRENCH AND BRITISH ALLIES, IN AN OFFICIAL NOTE, TO GET OUT OF
WEST BERLIN IN SIX MONTHS.

SEVENTEEN DAYS BEFORE, PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV HAD TIPPED THE
SOVIET INTENTION TO END FOUR-POWER OCCUPATION OF BERLIN BY SAYING IN A
MOSCOW SPEECH THAT RUSSIA WAS READY TO TURN OVER ITS RESPONSIBILITIES
THERE TO THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNISTS.

THE WEST QUICKLY REJECTED AS AN UNACCEPTABLE ULTIMATUM RUSSIA'S
DEMAND THAT IT PULL ITS FORCES OUT OF WEST BERLIN.

BASICALLY, THERE EVIDENTLY HAS BEEN NO GREAT CHANGE IN THE
INTERVENING YEAR IN RUSSIA'S INTENTIONS TOWARD BERLIN. NOR HAS THERE
BEEN ANY RETREAT IN THE WEST'S INSISTENCE ON MAINTAINING ITS RIGHTS
IN WEST BERLIN AND THE FREEDOM OF THE WEST BERLIN PEOPLE.

BUT THE FUSE ON THE TIME BOMB HAS BEEN SNUFFED OUT OR AT LEAST
DAMPENED.

FOR WHEN KHRUSHCHEV VISITED THE UNITED STATES LAST SEPTEMBER AND
CONFERRED WITH PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AT CAMP DAVID, MD., AN UNDERSTANDING
ON ONE POINT CAME OUT OF LONG DISCUSSIONS ON BERLIN AND THE GERMAN
PROBLEM. AS EISENHOWER PUT IT AND KHRUSHCHEV CONFIRMED IT, THE
UNDERSTANDING WAS THAT WHILE EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS OVER BERLIN SHOULD
NOT BE DRAWN OUT INDEFINITELY, THERE ALSO "COULD BE NO FIXED TIME
LIMIT ON THEM."

THIS AGREEMENT BECAME PART OF THE UNDERPINNING OF WHAT THE SOVIET
PREMIER CALLS "THE SPIRIT OF CAMP DAVID." AS THE RUSSIANS USE THE
TERM, IT IMPLIES A MORE CORDIAL FEELING AND ATMOSPHERE NOW EXISTS
BETWEEN THE TWO GREAT POWERS AND THEIR LEADERS.

BUT EISENHOWER HAS SAID IT "MUST SIMPLY MEAN THAT IT LOOKS LIKE
WE CAN TALK TOGETHER WITHOUT BEING MUTUALLY ABUSIVE."

THE SPARRING OVER BERLIN HAS GONE THROUGH SEVERAL ROUNDS IN THE
PAST 12 MONTHS--NOTES, SPEECHES, MORE THREATS, WARNINGS, ACCUSATIONS,
MEETINGS.

FOUR POWER RIGHTS IN BERLIN WERE SET UP IN THE BIG-FOUR
POTSDAM DECLARATION OF 1945. THE DECLARATION HAD NO PROVISIONS
UNDER WHICH RUSSIA, THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN OR FRANCE COULD SCRAP
ITS TERMS ON THEIR OWN.

SO THE UNITED STATES TOLD MOSCOW THE FREE WORLD WOULD NOT
ACQUIESCE IN A ONE-NATION REPUDIATION OF OBLIGATIONS.

RUSSIA BACKED UP TO THE EXTENT OF PLANTING A SUGGESTION THAT THE
MAIN THING WAS TO TALK, NOT MEET A DEADLINE, AND THAT THE SIX MONTHS
PERIOD FOR CONVERTING BERLIN INTO WHAT IT CALLED A FREE CITY MIGHT BE
PROLONGED FOR A WHILE. THE UNITED STATES FOLLOWED THROUGH WITH A
PROPOSAL FOR A FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE IN GENEVA, WHICH RAN ON
THROUGH NINE WEEKS--TO NO DECISION ON THE TWIN PROBLEMS OF BERLIN
AND A DIVIDED GERMANY.

OVERLAPPING THE GENEVA DISCUSSIONS WERE NEGOTIATIONS BEHIND THE
SCENES FOR AN EXCHANGE OF VISITS BETWEEN EISENHOWER AND KHRUSHCHEV.
THESE BROUGHT THE PREMIER TO AMERICA AND PRODUCED AN UNDERSTANDING THAT
NEGOTIATIONS OVER BERLIN WOULD BE REOPENED, SUBJECT TO THE APPROVAL
OF THE OTHER PARTIES DIRECTLY CONCERNED.

THIS WAS TAKEN TO MEAN ANOTHER FOREIGN MINISTERS SESSION. NOW IT
APPEARS THAT THE IDEA OF SUCH A MEETING HAS BEEN DROPPED QUIETLY,
PERHAPS TO BE REPLACED BY A SUMMIT CONFERENCE IN THE SPRING AT WHICH
THE BERLIN-GERMAN ISSUE WOULD BE A PRIME TOPIC IN ANY EVENT.

STATE DEPARTMENT EXPERTS MAINTAIN THERE ARE NO REAL SIGNS OF A
FUNDAMENTAL CHANGE IN RUSSIA'S ATTITUDE TOWARD THIS ISSUE. YET THEY
DO SEE SOME TANGIBLE AND SOME LESS TANGIBLE SHIFTS.

THE MOST IMPORTANT OF THESE IS THE WIPING OUT OF THE SIX-MONTHS
DEADLINE, PLUS THE EMPHASIS ON THE CAMP DAVID SPIRIT WHICH SOVIET
DIPLOMATS AND PROPAGANDISTS PICKED UP FROM KHRUSHCHEV.

WHATEVER THIS EXPRESSION MEANS, U.S. OFFICIALS SAY IT IS UP TO
THE RUSSIANS TO APPLY IT TO DEEDS AND PERFORMANCES, AS THEY WOULD
HAVE A CHANCE TO DO AT A SUMMIT CONFERENCE.

THE WEST, IN TURN, ITS FOREIGN MINISTERS HAVE SAID, MIGHT BE
WILLING TO OFFER SOME CONCESSIONS. AS SOME OFFICIALS SEE THINGS,
THESE MIGHT TAKE THE FORM OF A TOKEN REDUCTION IN THE 11,000 WESTERN
TROOPS IN BERLIN, AN AGREEMENT TO BAN USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS BY
OCCUPATION FORCES IN BERLIN, OR A CURB ON PROPAGANDA ACTIVITIES IN
WEST BERLIN.

THESE MIGHT BE POINTS FOR THE WESTERN SUMMIT CONFERENCE IN PARIS
BEGINNING DEC. 19.

IN THE MEANTIME, OFFICIALS HERE HAVE TAKEN NOTE THAT RUSSIA HAS
MADE NO RECENT ATTEMPTS TO HARASS WEST BERLIN AND EVEN IS CREATING
FEWER MINOR INCIDENTS ALONG THE HIGHWAYS LEADING TO THE ENCIRCLED
CITY THAN BEFORE THE BERLIN CRISIS ERUPTED.

BUT NOBODY IS WILLING TO PREDICT WHETHER ALL THIS HARBINGERS A
POSSIBLE AGREEMENT THAT WILL EASE MOST OF THE TENSIONS AND PUT OUT
SPARKS THAT COULD BLAZE UP INTO ANOTHER WAR.

END ADVANCE FOR AMS OF FRIDAY NOV. 27; MOVED NOV. 25
JK2/1258AES

A180

AP FOREIGN SERVICE ADVANCE FOR FRIDAY AMS NOV. 27
BY REINHOLD ENSZ (280)

(ADVANCE) BERLIN, NOV. 26 (AP)-A 40-PAGE DOCUMENT AVAILABLE IN EAST BERLIN THESE DAYS INDICATES UNIFICATION OF GERMANY IS AN EXTREMELY REMOTE MATTER.

THE DOCUMENT IS A NEW SEVEN-YEAR PLAN OF EAST GERMANY'S COMMUNIST REGIME. IT LAYS DOWN AN AMBITIOUS AND RIGID ECONOMIC PROGRAM THAT MAKES NO PROVISION FOR UNIFICATION.

THE PLAN DECLARES THAT FULFILLMENT OF THE SEVEN-YEAR GOALS IS AN HISTORICAL TASK THAT WILL PROVE EAST GERMANY'S COMMUNIST ECONOMY IS SUPERIOR TO WEST GERMANY'S FREE ECONOMY.

WHEN IT WAS PUBLISHED SEVERAL WEEKS AGO, THE POINT THAT GOT THE MOST ATTENTION WAS THE BOAST THAT BY 1961 EAST GERMANY'S CITIZENS WILL BE LIVING AS WELL, OR BETTER, THAN THEIR PROSPEROUS WEST GERMAN COUSINS.

A RE-READING OF THE PLAN POINTS UP THE FACT THAT IT HAS ONE OVER-RIDING PURPOSE--TO WELD MORE FIRMLY THE ECONOMY OF EAST GERMANY TO THAT OF THE SOVIET BLOC. EAST GERMANY ALREADY IS THE SOVIET UNION'S NO. 1 TRADING PARTNER.

THE PLAN SAYS TOTAL INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION IS TO BE INCREASED 188 PER CENT AND IS TO HAVE A TOTAL ANNUAL VALUE OF 110 BILLION EAST MARKS. (AT THE INFLATED OFFICIAL RATE OF EXCHANGE, THAT IS 49 BILLION DOLLARS).)

IT WARNS THAT THERE MUST BE MORE COLLECTIVE FARMS, MORE STATE-OWNED STORES, MORE PRODUCTIVITY PER WORKER, HIGHER QUALITY GOODS.

IF THE PROGRAM IS CARRIED OUT, EAST GERMANY'S LAGGING LIVING STANDARD WILL GET A REAL SHOT IN THE ARM.

THE PLAN FORTHRIGHTLY ACKNOWLEDGES THAT EAST GERMANY'S WAR-SHATTERED CITIES HAVE NOT BEEN REBUILT, AS IN WEST GERMANY. IT SAYS THE DOWNTOWN AREAS OF SUCH IMPORTANT CITIES AS EAST BERLIN, LEIPZIG, DRESDEN, MAGDEBURG, ROSTOCK, POTSDAM AND DESSAU ARE TO BE LARGELY REBUILT BY 1965.

END ADVANCE FRIDAY AMS NOV. 27 MOVED NOV. 25.
VS118AES

A16WX (BJT)

ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P. M. EST TODAY

(420) AMS BUDGET

IKE-ARMS

BY ERNEST B. VACCARO

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, NOV. 26 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER SAYS ENORMOUS RISKS ARE ENTAILED IF THE SEARCH FOR A WORKABLE ARMS REDUCTION AND CONTROL AGREEMENT FAILS.

ON THE OTHER HAND, HE SAID IN A LETTER MADE PUBLIC TONIGHT, "SUCCESS IN THIS QUEST WILL BRING GREATER SECURITY TO ALL COUNTRIES AND LIFT THE THREAT OF DEVASTATING NUCLEAR CONFLICT."

EISENHOWER SAID ALSO HE INTENDS TO URGE CONGRESS ANEW TO REPEAL A RESERVATION RESTRICTING U. S. PARTICIPATION IN THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE, OR WORLD COURT. THIS RESERVATION PROVIDES THAT THIS COUNTRY ITSELF HAS THE RIGHT TO DECIDE WHETHER A DISPUTE LIES ESSENTIALLY WITHIN DOMESTIC JURISDICTION. THUS NO CASE INVOLVING THE UNITED STATES CAN BE TAKEN TO THE WORLD COURT WITHOUT THIS COUNTRY'S APPROVAL.

EISENHOWER SET FORTH THESE VIEWS IN A LETTER, DATED FROM AUGUSTA, GA., ON NOV. 17 AND ADDRESSED TO SEN. HUBERT H. HUMPHREY (D-MINN). THE LETTER WAS MADE PUBLIC BY HUMPHREY, CHAIRMAN OF A SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON DISARMAMENT.

1959

30.24-9329

REPLYING TO A LETTER FROM HUMPHREY, EISENHOWER SAID THE UNITED STATES HAS FOLLOWED A POLICY OF SEEKING INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS ON "MANAGEABLE SEGMENTS OF THE WHOLE ARMS PROBLEM."

"THE BEST AND MOST CAREFULLY ELABORATED AGREEMENTS ARE LIKELY TO CARRY WITH THEM SOME RISKS, AT LEAST THEORETICALLY, OF EVASION," THE PRESIDENT WROTE.

"BUT ONE MUST PONDER, IN REACHING DECISIONS ON THE VERY COMPLEX AND DIFFICULT SUBJECT OF ARMS CONTROL, THE ENORMOUS RISKS ENTAILED IF REASONABLE STEPS ARE NOT TAKEN TO CURB THE INTERNATIONAL COMPETITION IN ARMAMENTS AND TO MOVE EFFECTIVELY IN THE DIRECTION OF DISARMAMENT."

HUMPHREY, IN WRITING EISENHOWER OCT. 12 HAD PRAISED EISENHOWER FOR URGING IN HIS STATE OF THE UNION MESSAGE LAST JANUARY ELIMINATION OF RESTRICTIONS HAMPERING THE WORLD COURT.

CONGRESS TOOK NO ACTION ON THE RECOMMENDATION, AND EISENHOWER TOLD THE SENATOR HE INTENDS TO RENEW IT.

"ELIMINATION OF THIS AUTOMATIC RESERVATION FROM OUR OWN DECLARATION ACCEPTING COMPULSORY JURISDICTION WOULD PLACE THE UNITED STATES IN A BETTER POSITION TO URGE OTHER COUNTRIES TO AGREE TO WIDER JURISDICTION OF THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE," EISENHOWER SAID.

"...THE CONTINUED DEVELOPMENT OF MUTUAL DEFENSE AND SECURITY ARRANGEMENTS AMONG THE UNITED STATES AND A LARGE NUMBER OF FREE WORLD COUNTRIES HAS PROVIDED A POWERFUL DETERRENT AGAINST INTERNATIONAL LAW-BREAKING.

"ONE CANNOT, HOWEVER, BE SATISFIED WITH THE WAY EVENTS HAVE DEVELOPED IN SOME AREAS--FOR EXAMPLE, HUNGARY AND TIBET. THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY NEEDS TO FIND MORE EFFECTIVE MEANS TO COPE WITH AND TO PREVENT SUCH BRUTAL USES OF FORCE."

HUMPHREY SAID HE WILL ASK THE SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE TO HOLD HEARINGS ON HIS RESOLUTION TO ELIMINATE THE U. S. RESERVATION TO THE WORLD COURT AGREEMENT.

LT305PES

A14

AMS BUDGET (440)

SUBMARINES

BY ELTON FAY

ASSOCIATED PRESS MILITARY WRITER

TOKYO, NOV. 26 (AP)-THE U.S. HIGH COMMAND ESTIMATES RUSSIA AND RED CHINA HAVE MORE THAN 120 SUBMARINES IN THEIR TWO PACIFIC FLEETS. THE COMMAND BELIEVES IT POSSIBLE THAT MISSILE-FIRING UNDER-WATER CRAFT MAY JOIN THE SOVIET FORCE BEFORE LONG.

ADM. HARRY D. FELT, OVER-ALL COMMANDER OF U.S. FORCES IN THE PACIFIC SAYS IT IS BELIEVED MORE THAN 100 RUSSIAN SUBMARINES OPERATE OUT OF SOVIET PORTS IN THE NORTH PACIFIC.

THERE IS EVIDENCE THAT RUSSIA HAS GUIDED-MISSILE SUBMARINES ELSEWHERE (NAVY RECONNAISSANCE PLANES HAVE PHOTOGRAPHED AT LEAST ONE IN THE ATLANTIC). THUS THERE "IS NO REASON TO BELIEVE THEY COULDN'T HAVE ONE IN THE PACIFIC IN THE NEAR FUTURE," FELT SAID.

FELT GAVE HIS VIEWS IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS AT HIS PEARL HARBOR HEADQUARTERS EARLIER THIS WEEK TO A GROUP OF NEWSMEN EN ROUTE TO THE FAR EAST.

TODAY, ADM. HERBERT G. HOPWOOD, COMMANDER OF THE PACIFIC FLEET, TOLD REPORTERS IN TAIPEI, FORMOSA, THAT THE U.S. FLEET IN THE PACIFIC NOW HAS BEEN BOLSTERED BY THE ARRIVAL OF TWO ATOMIC SUBMARINES, THE SARGO AND SWORDFISH. THIS BRINGS THE TOTAL OF U.S. SUBMARINES IN THE PACIFIC TO ABOUT 40.

RUSSIA ALSO HAS BEEN TURNING OVER SUBMARINES TO COMMUNIST CHINA'S NAVY.

1959

FELT TOLD REPORTERS THERE HAS BEEN NO EVIDENCE OF THE PRESENCE OF AN ATOMIC POWERED RUSSIAN SUBMARINE IN THE PACIFIC.

ABOUT 22 SUBMARINES PRESENTLY ARE IN THE RED CHINA FORCE AS THE RESULT OF A GRADUAL BUILDUP DURING THE LAST THREE YEARS. HE ESTIMATED. HE ALSO INDICATED BELIEF THAT RUSSIA MAY BE TEACHING HER CHINESE ALLY HOW TO BUILD HER OWN SUBMARINES.

AT ANOTHER BRIEFING BY NAVY OFFICERS OF HOPWOOD'S PEARL HARBOR HEADQUARTERS, IT WAS POINTED OUT THAT RUSSIA HAS A NUMBER OF GOOD, LONG-ESTABLISHED NAVAL BASES FROM WHICH HER UNDERSEA FLEET CAN OPERATE OUT OF NORTHERN PORTS, INCLUDING SUCH PLACES AS PETROPAVORSK ON THE PACIFIC SIDE OF KAMCHATKA PENINSULA AND VLADIVOSTOK ON THE SEA OF JAPAN.

A NEW U.S. COMMAND ORGANIZATION, TO HAVE OVER-ALL CONTROL OF ANTI-SUBMARINE ACTIVITIES IN THE PACIFIC, WILL BE SET UP SHORTLY, ONE OFFICER SAID.

REAR ADM. PAUL H. RAMSEY, CHIEF OF STAFF OF THE PACIFIC FLEET, NOTED THAT COMMUNIST SUBMARINES UNDER INTERNATIONAL LAW AS RECOGNIZED BY THE UNITED STATES CAN GO TO WITHIN THREE MILES OF AMERICAN TERRITORY. THERE IS NOTHING TO PREVENT THEM FROM OPERATING IN ANY WATERS OUTSIDE THE THREE-MILE LIMIT, RAMSEY COMMENTED.

HE ADDED THAT IF YOU FIND A SOVIET SUBMARINE OUT IN INTERNATIONAL WATERS YOU JUST TIP YOUR HAT.

THE NEWSMEN AT THE PEARL HARBOR BRIEFINGS ASKED ABOUT THE POSSIBILITY OF SOVIET OR RED CHINA MISSILE LAUNCHING BASES ON THE ASIAN MAINLAND.

THEY WERE TOLD THERE IS NO EVIDENCE OF SUCH BASES FOR LAUNCHING COMBAT MISSILES FROM ALONG THE COASTAL MAINLAND.

HOWEVER, THERE WAS THE FIRST OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION FROM THE MILITARY THAT THE UNITED STATES KNOWS RUSSIA HAS BEEN TEST-FIRING BALLISTIC MISSILES FROM BASES SOMEWHERE IN THE INTERIOR OF THE MAINLAND, SHOOTING THEM INTO IMPACT AREAS IN THE NORTH PACIFIC.

AN AIR FORCE BRIEFING OFFICER SAID U.S. NAVY RECONNAISSANCE PLANES HAD REPORTED THE RUSSIAN TEST FIRINGS AND THAT A SIMILAR CHECK HAD BEEN MADE "FROM THE SURFACE." THE NUMBER OF TEST FIRINGS AND THE MANNER IN WHICH CHECKS WERE MADE WAS NOT DISCLOSED.

ML256PES

A146

(260)
MOSCOW, NOV. 26 (AP)-TWO LEADING SOVIET PAPERS TODAY CRITICIZED SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER FOR SOME PUBLISHED VIEWS ON MILITARY EXPENDITURES AND FOREIGN POLICY.

PRAVDA, THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY ORGAN, CALLED HERTER INSINCERE.

IZVESTIA, THE GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER, SAID HERTER RATED A GRADE OF "POOR" IN A 10-QUESTION EXAMINATION HE GAVE HIMSELF IN AN AMERICAN MAGAZINE.

IN THE MAGAZINE, HERTER ANSWERED 10 HYPOTHETICAL QUESTIONS THAT HE SAID MIGHT BE ASKED OF AMERICANS BY FOREIGNERS.

IZVESTIA SAID HERTER'S "ILL STARRED REPLIES DID NOT SEEK A SOLUTION TO THE REALLY DIFFICULT QUESTIONS SET BEFORE HIM." PRAVDA SAID "FIGURES WHICH DO NOT HAVE ANY RELATION WHATEVER TO REALITY" WERE USED BY HERTER IN EXPLAINING MILITARY EXPENDITURES.

(IN THE COPYRIGHTED ARTICLE IN PARADE MAGAZINE, HERTER SAID U.S. DEFENSE EXPENDITURES TAKE A SMALL BITE FROM TOTAL U.S. PRODUCTION AS COMPARED TO THE SOVIET BITE. HE SAID THE UNITED STATES SPENDS 9 PER CENT OF ITS GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT FOR DEFENSE WHILE THE SOVIET OUTLAY "IS IN EXCESS OF 15 PER CENT FOR THE MILITARY.")

PRAVDA REPORTERS, ANALYZING THE HERTER STATEMENT FOR SOVIET

READERS, SAID THE AMERICAN MILITARY BUDGET TAKES 76 PER CENT OF THE NATIONAL BUDGET WHILE THE SOVIET MILITARY TAKES 13 PER CENT. THERE WAS NO EXPLANATION OF HOW THE 76 PER CENT FIGURE WAS OBTAINED.

DESPITE THE CRITICISM, THE METHOD OF REPLYING TO THE HERTER ARTICLE REPRESENTS PART OF A BASIC CHANGE IN THE SOVIET PRESS DEALING WITH FOREIGN AFFAIRS BECAUSE IT CAME AFTER THE ARTICLE ITSELF WAS PUBLISHED HERE. THIS IS AN IMPORTANT DEPARTURE FROM THE SITUATION EVEN AS RECENTLY AS SIX MONTHS AGO.

PRAVDA WAS PROBABLY THE MOST BITING IN ITS STORY, ACCUSING HERTER OF TEACHING AMERICANS WHAT TO REPLY TO SOVIET ARGUMENTS IN ORDER TO "FREE AMERICANS THEMSELVES FROM PONDERING OVER QUESTIONS THE WORLD IS ASKING AMERICA TODAY."

BB1050PES

B24 (Q)

-17-

(220)

TORONTO, NOV. 26 (AP)-FOREIGN SECRETARY HOWARD GREEN MADE CLEAR TODAY THAT CANADA INTENDS TO MAKE ITSELF HEARD IN WESTERN PREPARATIONS FOR EAST-WEST SUMMIT MEETINGS.

IN AN ADDRESS TO A JOINT MEETING OF THE EMPIRE AND CANADIAN CLUBS OF TORONTO, HE ALSO SAID THE BIG WESTERN POWERS SHOULD KEEP THE NATO COUNCIL IN THEIR CONFIDENCE WHILE PLANNING FOR THE SUMMIT.

THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE, SAID GREEN, ENDOWS "A SOURCE OF MUTUAL CONFIDENCE AND RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE VITAL EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS LYING AHEAD WHICH NO MEMBER, BY ITSELF, COULD HAVE ATTAINED."

"THAT SPIRIT OF INTERDEPENDENCE CAN BE MAINTAINED AND ENHANCED, HOWEVER, ONLY IF THE FULLEST ADVANTAGE IS TAKEN OF THE OPPORTUNITIES FOR CONSULTATION WHICH THE NATO COUNCIL OFFERS ON MATTERS WHICH SIGNIFICANTLY AFFECT THE ALLIANCE AS A WHOLE OR ITS MEMBERS."

"I BELIEVE THE CONCEPT OF CONSULTATION TO BE OF THE UTMOST SIGNIFICANCE IN RELATION TO THE FORTHCOMING EAST-WEST NEGOTIATIONS WHICH, BY THE LIMITED PARTICIPATION WHICH IS POSSIBLE AT SUCH TALKS, WILL FIND SOME MEMBERS OF THE WESTERN TEAM DOING THE NEGOTIATING AND OTHERS ON THE SIDELINES," HE ADDED.

"FOR THIS REASON CANADA HAS URGED THAT THE WESTERN NEGOTIATING POWERS MUST KEEP THE COUNCIL IN THEIR CONFIDENCE IN THE PREPARATION OF A PRE-SUMMIT NEGOTIATING POSITION."

CANADA SUCCESSFULLY URGED THAT THE NATO MINISTERIAL MEETING IN PARIS IN DECEMBER BE ARRANGED TO BOTH PRECEDE AND FOLLOW THE WESTERN SUMMIT MEETING AMONG BRITAIN, THE UNITED STATES AND FRANCE, IN CONSULTATION WITH WEST GERMANY.

"IT IS HERE, TOO, THAT CANADA WILL TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE OPPORTUNITY OF HAVING HER VOICE HEARD IN THE PREPARATIONS FOR SUMMIT MEETINGS--OF WHICH THERE MAY WELL BE A SERIES," GREEN SAID.

UK355PES

A93

(290)

MANILA, NOV. 26 (AP)-A RANKING PHILIPPINE SENATOR TODAY ACCUSED U.S. REP. PHIL WEAVER (R-NEB) OF CAUSING GRAVE HARM TO PHILIPPINE-AMERICAN RELATIONS.

SEN. LORENZO SUMULONG, CHAIRMAN OF THE POWERFUL SENATE FOREIGN RELATIONS COMMITTEE, ACCUSED "SOME 'UGLY AMERICANS' ON U.S. BASES HERE" OF INSPIRING A BLISTERING STATEMENT AGAINST THE PHILIPPINES WHICH WEAVER ISSUED YESTERDAY.

WEAVER CHARGED THAT A "CRAFT-RIDDEN" PHILIPPINE GOVERNMENT IS CONDUCTING AN "OPEN PROGRAM OF HARASSMENT OF AMERICAN OFFICERS AND MEN" AND THAT AMERICAN SERVICEMEN ARE SUBJECT TO LOOTING, EXTORTION AND ASSAULT.

THE CONGRESSMAN, WHO SPENT THREE DAYS IN THE PHILIPPINES THIS MONTH AS A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE DEFENSE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE, URGED THAT THE UNITED STATES SWITCH ITS BASES IN THE ISLANDS TO THAILAND.

"RATHER THAN BE ANGRY AT CONGRESSMAN WEAVER," SAID SUMULONG, "I FEEL SORRY FOR HIM. I AM EVEN MORE SORRY FOR THE GRAVE HARM HE HAS CAUSED PHILIPPINE-AMERICAN RELATIONS." THE SENATOR CALLED WEAVER'S CHARGES "BILLINGSGATE (RUMORS) WHISPERED TO HIM BY SOME 'UGLY AMERICANS' ON U.S. BASES HERE, WHO AT THIS LATE DATE STILL INSIST ON EXTRATERRITORIAL RIGHTS AND RESENT THE ASSERTION OF PHILIPPINE JURISDICTION OVER OFFENSES COMMITTED BY U.S. PERSONNEL AND THEIR FAMILIES."

SUMULONG, A MEMBER OF THE RULING NACIONALISTA PARTY, SAID HE KNEW OF NO IMMEDIATE MOVES BY HIS SENATE GROUP IN RESPONSE TO THE WEAVER STATEMENT. HE INDICATED REACTION FROM THE U.S. CONGRESS WAS AWAITED. BUT HE ADDED WEAVER'S COMMENTS WERE "SO INTEMPERATE THERE MIGHT BE A CLAMOR AMONG MEMBERS OF MY COMMITTEE FOR ACTION." LOCAL PRESS REPORTS SAID SOME LEADING MEMBERS OF CONGRESS HERE HAD HINTED AT CANCELLATION OF THE U.S.-PHILIPPINE DEFENSE TREATY IN PROTEST.

PHILIPPINE OFFICIALS GENERALLY APPEARED TO BE AWAITING U.S. CONGRESSIONAL REACTION.

THE MANILA BULLETIN SAID THE CONGRESSMAN'S STATEMENT IS "STRONG ENOUGH TO BRING EXPLOSIVE RESPONSE FROM THIS GOVERNMENT AND PUSH PHILIPPINE-AMERICAN RELATIONS INTO A NEW CRITICAL PHASE." THE PAPER ADDED THAT THE REPORT "CONTAINS SOME EXAGGERATIONS AND MISSTATEMENTS AND SOME CONCLUSIONS WHICH WOULD BETTER BE LEFT UNSAID." THE BULLETIN SAID, HOWEVER, THAT SEVERAL OF WEAVER'S CHARGES REGARDING CONDITIONS AT CLARK AIR FORCE BASE WERE BASED ON TRUTH AND SHOULD SERVE AS "A CLEAR INVITATION FOR THIS GOVERNMENT TO DO SOMETHING CORRECTIVE."

A COLUMNIST IN THE NATIONALIST-MINDED MANILA CHRONICLE TERMED WEAVER'S REPORT THE "MOST SCURRILOUS ATTACK ON FILIPINOS" AND URGED THE REMOVAL OF AMERICAN FORCES.

THE PHILIPPINE DELEGATION TO THE UNITED NATIONS CALLED WEAVER'S STATEMENT "FLAGRANTLY SLANDEROUS AND VIOLENT." AMBASSADOR FRANCISCO A. DELGADO SAID IT WOULD "SERVE THE INTERESTS OF THOSE WHO ARE SEEKING TO DESTROY THE CLOSE FRIENDSHIP AND ALLIANCE BETWEEN AMERICANS AND FILIPINOS."

A SPOKESMAN AT THE PENTAGON IN WASHINGTON SAID WEAVER'S VIEWS "ARE NOT SHARED BY THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT." THE CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE SUBCOMMITTEE, REP. GEORGE D. MAHON (D-TEX), PROMISED AN INVESTIGATION OF WEAVER'S CHARGES.

HF807AES

A84

(180)

BY CARVEN HUDGINS
LONDON, NOV. 26 (AP)-ADM. LORD MOUNTBATTEN, CHIEF OF BRITAIN'S DEFENSE STAFF, TONIGHT DEFENDED PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S WARTIME MILITARY LEADERSHIP AGAINST ATTACKS BY BRITISH GENERALS.

"WHO ELSE," MOUNTBATTEN ASKED AT A BRITISH-AMERICAN THANKSGIVING DINNER, "COULD HAVE DONE THE JOB?"

HE WAS REFERRING TO EISENHOWER'S WORLD WAR II ROLE AS SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER IN EUROPE.

"TO COIN A PHRASE," MOUNTBATTEN SAID. "I LIKE IKE." HIS SPEECH DEVELOPED AS A REBUTTAL OF THE ANTI-EISENHOWER CRITICISMS LEVELED RECENTLY BY BRITISH MILITARY CHIEFS--NOTABLY BRITAIN'S WARTIME CHIEF OF STAFF, FIELD MARSHAL LORD ALAN BROOKE.

EISENHOWER, SAID MOUNTBATTEN, COMBINED THE QUALITIES OF LEADERSHIP WITH AN OUTSTANDING ABILITY TO GET THE ALLIES WORKING

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EFFECTIVELY.

MOUNTBATTEN, WHO SERVED AS SUPREME ALLIED COMMANDER IN SOUTHEAST ASIA DURING THE WAR, CALLED EISENHOWER'S DECISION TO STRIKE IN NORMANDY ON JUNE 6, 1944, "ONE OF THE GREATEST AND MOST BURDENSOME DECISIONS OF ALL TIME."

"I THINK HISTORY HAS PROVED THAT GENERAL EISENHOWER WAS CORRECT," MOUNTBATTEN SAID.

MOUNTBATTEN'S COMMENTS WERE CHEERED BY AN AUDIENCE OF ABOUT 400 AMERICANS IN LONDON'S DORCHESTER HOTEL.

RS826PIS

A195

(160)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 26 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES CHIDED SOVIET BLOC REPRESENTATIVES TODAY FOR FAILURE TO INCLUDE CHINESE NATIONALIST DELEGATES AMONG THOSE WHO SHOULD BE TREATED ON AN EQUAL BASIS.

SILVIU BRUCAN, THE DELEGATE FROM ROMANIA, OBJECTED IN THE U.N. POLITICAL COMMITTEE TO A STATEMENT BY SOUTH KOREAN FOREIGN MINISTER CHUNG W. CHO'S REFERRING TO COMMUNIST COUNTRIES AS SOVIET SATELLITES. HE SAID IN THE U.N. ALL COUNTRIES ARE EQUAL.

WALTER S. ROBERTSON, FORMER ASSISTANT U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE, REMARKED THAT AFTER YEARS OF HEARING COMMUNIST SPEAKERS HEAP INSULTS UPON THE REPRESENTATIVES OF NATIONALIST CHINA, IT WAS "INDEED REFRESHING TO HEAR A REPRESENTATIVE OF ROMANIA SAY ALL DELEGATES ARE HERE ON AN EQUAL BASIS."

HE RECALLED THAT SOVIET DELEGATE ARKADY A. SOBOLEV HAD REFERRED YESTERDAY TO NATIONALIST CHINA'S DELEGATE AS REPRESENTING NOBODY BUT HIMSELF.

MAYBE, ADDED ROBERTSON, BRUCAN MIGHT WANT "TO CALL THIS DERELICTION TO THE ATTENTION OF MR. SOBOLEV."

SOVIET DELEGATE I. I. TAGARONOV RETORTED THIS WAS A MATTER FOR ROBERTSON TO TAKE UP OUTSIDE THE COMMITTEE WITH SABOLEV.

RK&HW103PES

A53

(100)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., NOV. 26 (AP)-CUBA AND INDIA JOINED COMMUNIST DELEGATIONS TODAY IN CALLING FOR WITHDRAWAL OF AMERICAN AND OTHER U.N. COMMAND FORCES FROM SOUTH KOREA.

THEY DID SO IN THE U.N. GENERAL ASSEMBLY'S POLITICAL COMMITTEE IN DEBATE ON A 14-NATION RESOLUTION CALLING FOR NORTH KOREAN COMMUNIST AUTHORITIES TO AGREE TO EARLY FREE ELECTIONS.

INDIAN DELEGATE HARISHWAR DAYAL SAID WITHDRAWAL FROM SOUTH KOREA OF "FOREIGN FORCES UNDER THE UNITED NATIONS FLAG, WHOSE NUMBER IS ALREADY REDUCED, MIGHT BE HELPFUL TO PROGRESS TOWARD POLITICAL SOLUTIONS."

CUBAN DELEGATE MANUEL BISBE SAID WITHDRAWAL OF ALL FOREIGN TROOPS WAS A PREREQUISITE FOR FREE ELECTIONS IN KOREA.

5225B

1130

BERLIN, NOV. 26 (AP)-FOUR GERMANS WERE BROUGHT BEFORE A WEST BERLIN COURT TODAY ON CHARGES OF POISONING AND SHOOTING MENTAL PATIENTS DURING WORLD WAR II.

THE INDICTMENT SAID 26 PATIENTS OF A CATHOLIC HOSPITAL IN OTTMACHAU, UPPER SILESIA, WERE THE VICTIMS.

THE DEFENDANTS ARE ACCUSED OF USING POISONED TEA, INJECTIONS AND PISTOLS TO KILL THE PATIENTS.

THE DEFENDANTS ARE: DR. GOTTFRIED MATTHES, 55, AN OFFICIAL OF WEST BERLIN CITY HEALTH ORGANIZATION UNTIL HIS ARREST IN JUNE, 1958; DR. SIEGWALT BENATZKY, 46, AN EMPLOYEE OF THE GERMAN RED CROSS IN HAMBURG; ALOIS ACHELNIK, 60, A FORMER POLICE OFFICIAL IN NUERNBERG. AND EDMUND ZEMBOK, 63, OF MUELHEIM ALSO A FORMER POLICE OFFICIAL.

UK933AES

A114

TOKYO, FRIDAY, NOV. 27 (AP)-JAPAN'S HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES TODAY APPROVED A \$55,600,000 WAR REPARATIONS TREATY WITH SOUTH VIET NAM AFTER A STORMY ALL-NIGHT SESSION.

THE VOTE WAS 198-131; 138 MEMBERS WERE ABSENT OR HAD GONE TO SLEEP.

THE TREATY GOES TO THE HOUSE OF COUNCILLORS FOR FINAL ACTION.

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A107

MEXICO CITY, NOV. 26 (AP)-SOVIET DEPUTY PREMIER ANASTAS I. MIKOYAN VISITED THE BIG AZCAPOTZALCO REFINERY TODAY AND CONTINUED HIS ROUND OF HANDSHAKING WITH MEXICAN WORKERS.

THE SOVIET OFFICIAL, IN THIS COUNTRY ON A 10-DAY VISIT, FREQUENTLY LEFT HIS PARTY TO GO TO GROUPS OF MEN TO SHAKE HANDS.

TO ONE GROUP HE SAID: "I AM GREETING THE WORKERS OF MEXICO IN THE NAME OF THE SOVIET WORKERS. IT IS A PLEASURE TO STRETCH MY HAND TO SOME WORKMEN WHO ARE FIGHTING FOR THE PROGRESS OF THEIR COUNTRY."

SM824PES

A120

(130)

LONDON, NOV. 26 (AP)-MOSCOW RADIO TODAY ANNOUNCED A SHAKEUP IN THE PARLIAMENT OF THE RUSSIAN REPUBLIC, LARGEST IN THE SOVIET UNION.

NIKOLAI ORGANOV WAS ELECTED CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLIC'S SUPREME SOVIET, REPLACING NIKOLAI G. IGNATOV, PARTY VETERAN AND MEMBER OF THE ALL-SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

THE MOSCOW BROADCAST SAID THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE WANTED IGNATOV TO DEVOTE MORE TIME TO HIS PARTY JOB.

"THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE PARTY," THE RADIO SAID, "HAS FOUND IT NECESSARY FOR MEMBER OF THE PRESIDUM OF THE COMMUNIST PARTY'S CENTRAL COMMITTEE, NIKOLAI IGNATOV, TO WORK AT HIS MAIN JOB IN THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE."

"IN VIEW OF THIS, IT IS PROPOSED TO RELIEVE HIM OF HIS DUTIES AS PRESIDENT OF THE PRESIDUM OF THE SUPREME SOVIET OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION."

ORGANOV HAS BEEN VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLIC'S COUNCIL OF MINISTERS SINCE FEBRUARY 1958. BEFORE THAT HE WORKED FOR 20 YEARS IN KEP POSTS IN SIBERIA AND THE FAR EAST.

KL908AES

A104

(190)

YOKOSUKA, JAPAN, NOV 26-(AP)-BENJAMIN B. OWYANG OF SAN FRANCISCO, A 27-YEAR-OLD AIRMAN OF CHINESE DESCENT, WAS FREED ON PAROLE FROM A JAPANESE PRISON TODAY AFTER SERVING A YEAR AND TWO WEEKS OF A THREE-YEAR MANSLAUGHTER SENTENCE.

THE YOUNG SERVICEMAN HAD WRITTEN PRIME MINISTER NOBUSUKE KISHI A MONTH AGO HE BELIEVED HIS IMPRISONMENT WAS DUE TO HIS CHINESE BLOOD. THE ENGLISH-LANGUAGE NEWSPAPER ASAHI EVENING NEWS, CAMPAIGNING FOR HIS RELEASE, SAID IF HE HAD BEEN WHITE, PUBLICITY ABOUT HIS CASE IN AMERICA WOULD HAVE GOTTEN HIM OFF.

A JAPANESE LOWER COURT ACQUITTED OWYANG IN AUGUST 1957 OF A CHARGE THAT HE STABBED TO DEATH A DRUNKEN JAPANESE WHO MOLESTED HIM AND A JAPANESE GIRL FRIEND AS THEY WERE BICYCLING ALONG A ROAD. THE PROSECUTION APPEALED, AS IT CAN UNDER JAPANESE LAW, AND WON A CONVICTION IN THE TOKYO APPEAL COURT. THE SUPREME COURT UPHELD THE CONVICTION.

THE U.S. EMBASSY IN AUGUST SAID IT HAD APPEALED TO THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT FOR CLEMENCY FOR OWYANG. HE BECAME ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE AFTER SERVING A THIRD OF HIS SENTENCE.

AN AIR FORCE OFFICER MET OWYANG AS HE LEFT PRISON. ASAHI EVENING NEWS SAID HE PLANNED TO MARRY HIS JAPANESE FIANCEE, EMIKO AKIBA, AT THE TACHIKAWA AIR BASE CHAPEL NEXT WEEK.

HF815AES

A4

VIENNA, AUSTRIA, NOV. 26 (AP)-THERE ARE TUNNELS UNDER THE ELECTRIC BARBED WIRE ERECTED BY COMMUNIST CZECHOSLOVAKIA ALONG ITS FRONTIER WITH THE WEST, A CZECH BORDER SOLDIER REPORTED TODAY AFTER ESCAPING TO AUSTRIA.

THE SOLDIER, WHO ASKED FOR POLITICAL ASYLUM, TOLD POLICE THE TUNNELS ARE USUALLY LOCKED ON BOTH SIDES. HE SAID HE STOLE A KEY TO MAKE HIS ESCAPE.

HE SAID THE TUNNELS ARE USED TO ALLOW BORDER SENTRIES TO PATROL THE IMMEDIATE FRONTIER AT PLACES WHERE THE WIRE ENTANGLEMENTS ARE FARTHER BACK. POLICE HERE ASSUME THE TUNNELS ARE ALSO USED TO CHANNEL AGENTS INTO THE WEST UNNOTICED.

KL212PES

A180

PINAR DEL RIO, CUBA, NOV. 26 (AP)-TWO AMERICANS HELD WITH A GROUP OF CUBANS ON COUNTER-REVOLUTIONARY CHARGES WERE ORDERED TRANSFERRED TODAY FROM THE JURISDICTION OF CIVIL COURTS TO MILITARY TRIBUNALS FOR TRIAL.

THEY ARE AUSTIN YOUNG OF MIAMI AND PETER JOHN LAMBTON OF NASSAU. THEY WERE ARRESTED EARLIER THIS YEAR IN A MOUNTAIN HIDEOUT WHERE OFFICIALS SAID THEY WERE TRAINING VOLUNTEERS TO OVERTHROW PRIME MINISTER FIDEL CASTRO. CONVICTION COULD MEAN DEATH BY FIRING SQUADS.

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END—NOV 26, 1959